

1967+ Gaza, Golan Heights, and West Bank, including East Jerusalem, under Israeli military occupation

Occupation and Rise of Resistance, Oslo

Palestinians lose world sympathy for their liberation

Palestinian political violence increases: hijackings, attacks on civilians

1972
Munich Olympics massacre
11 Israeli Olympic athletes killed by Palestinian militants

Movement for Palestinian rights uses violence to call attention to cause

Israel gains world sympathy for its need for security

Palestinians lose Egypt as an ally after US makes it 2nd largest recipient of aid

1973, 1978
Yom Kippur War, Camp David Accords
Egypt attacks then partners with Israel

-Israel returns Sinai, not Gaza, to Egypt.

United States Role during this period: US support key to Israeli victory. Leads to OPEC oil embargo

Massacre in Lebanon hurts Israeli reputation. Hezbollah and Hamas challenge Israel for decades

Israel enables the Sabra - Shatilla massacre of Palestinians in Lebanon

1982, 1987
Israeli invasion of Lebanon, First Intifada
Creation of Hezbollah and Hamas-responses to Israeli violence

Hezbollah and Hamas are founded for Palestinian representation and security

After 20 years, UNSC res. 242 had not been enforced (return of land, refugees)

1988
Palestinian Declaration of Independence - PLO National Council State of Palestine; accepts UN Resolution 242; recognizes Israel.

Sets foundation for a Palestinian state despite opposition from Arab countries and Israel

PLO recognizes Israel



1993: Oslo I
Accords signed
Path to two states is derailed with Rabin assassination and settlements expansion

-Israeli recognition of PLO as rep of the Palestinian people
-Framework for Palestinian self-gov.

-Palestinian recognition of Israel
- Israel officially controls most of West Bank

Israel builds barrier restricting Palestinian movement and access to their land. 4,228 dead

Israeli land confiscation and settlement leads to international criticism and ICJ ruling. 1,028 dead

2000-2005
2nd Intifada and Separation Barrier
Wall/fence built mostly in the West Bank rather than on border.

Barrier leads to increased sense of security; do not know what life is like on the other side

Israel removes its settlers from Gaza while expanding West Bank settlement

2005 Gaza
Disengagement
Israel removes its settlers from Gaza while expanding West Bank settlement

Israel conflates disengagement with Gaza independence while continuing to occupy

-Creates economic pressure to modify policies
-Calls attention to situation of Palestinians

2005 Palestinians
Start Boycott, Divestment, Sanctions Campaign

BDS movement calls on world to support rights of Palestinians



Texas Coalition for Human Rights



Access Session Resources